

BALTIMORE GIRL MURDERED IN A HORRIFYING MANNER

DAVIS VS OUR GLASS WORKERS

According to Woodrow Wilson the tariff which protects the labor that goes into the product of Clarksburg's window glass factories is a "Special Privilege," and he promises, in the event of his election to eliminate the "Special Privilege" affecting that and all our other industries.

Congressman John W. Davis subscribes to the same theory, and he promises to uphold the "Scholar in politics" in his efforts in that direction.

Parenthetically, how do our glassworkers like that? How do our merchants, with whom our glassworkers deal, regard that particular proposition?

Do the glassworkers believe that that would be a good thing for them? Do our merchants, our landlords, and all others whose personal prosperity is dependent upon the community's prosperity, agree with the theories of Prof. Wilson and Congressman Davis? If they do, then they should cast their ballots for both of these candidates.

If they do not, then they had better see to it very scrupulously that they vote against these two aspiring gentlemen.

It is hardly necessary to draw a diagram of the size of the glass business and its sensitiveness to changes and fluctuations, for the enlightenment of our townspeople. **THEY KNOW.**

The first element in the business which feels the effect of a change either for good or bad, is labor. At this very time, labor in these factories is getting steadier employment at higher wages than for years. Any glassworker will tell you that.

You can't tell us, Messrs. Wilson and Davis—you who propose to remove the "Special Privilege" as you call the protective tariff, which affects these men in the glass factories, that they want anything of the kind done. On the contrary, they do not want anything of that kind done.

They want their business left undisturbed. They want no dallying with it to the end that a risk of lower wages than they are now getting under the present most satisfactory wage-scale, may be run. Not a bit of it.

The protective tariff is not hurting them. It is benefiting them. It is not hurting any consumer here nor hereabouts, for the product is sold miles from here. It is the same as with our tin plate production, which goes entirely to the Pacific Coast.

The glassworkers contend, as do the tin plate workers, that as the tariff helps them to earn good wages and maintain a high standard of living, and as it doesn't hurt a single consumer in this city, district or state, then why should merchants, bankers, real estate dealers, men who rent houses, and people who are their neighbors and supposedly their well-wishers, be led off by some dreamy philosopher and impracticable theorist to vote against these home workmen?

The duty on window glass is about 90 per cent ad valorem, and the coast cities compose an extremely large part of the home market.

Let us eliminate the protective feature in this tariff rate and either eliminate this "Special Privilege" entirely, or make it "for revenue only." It is "unconstitutional" to lay a tariff for any other purpose than "for revenue only."

The Democratic National platform declares that, in this year of our Lord, as it did in 1892. Candidate Wilson says it is "gospel truth," and Congressman Davis heartily endorses the proposition.

Having wiped out the Protection to the labor that enters into the making of window glass, what happens?

Why, this—

Belgium's cheaper produced product lands in our coast cities and takes that trade. Clarksburg window glass loses a market that it is now supplying.

Then what happens. Why, this—

Clarksburg's factories either shut down, or operate only upon condition that the men who work in them will agree to work for a much less wage-scale than they are now working under.

That is as simple as the first lesson in McGuffey's old-fashioned primer.

Let us compare the labor cost in Belgium and in Clarksburg in the window glass industry for you:

In Belgium a shop consists of a blower, gatherer, assistant gatherer, and a small boy attending to the crane, etc. The average day's work is 95 rollers, 36x58, making 13 boxes of 100 feet. They are paid by the roller and the scale on this size is 24 times less 30 per cent, so the blower actually receives 3 1/2 cents per roller; the gatherer receives per roller 1 1/2 cents; the assistant gatherer receives 50 per cent of the gatherer's wages; and the crane tender 41 3/5 cents per blowing. The flatterer receives for flattening 220 rollers per ton \$2, while the cutter receives about \$1.40 per day. The freight charges from Antwerp to New York are 13 cents per hundred—Point Marion to New York, 18 cents. So, you see what doing away with "Special Privilege" (Protection), Mister Congressman Davis, will do to our glassworkers.

Let us compare the above with what the American window glass worker (hand plants) receives. The blower makes 65 rollers, 40x58. Ten boxes per blowing at 42 cents per box would net him \$4.20; gatherer, \$3.36; flatterer (4 pots), \$4.52; (3 pots), \$5.40; snapper, \$2.40, making total cost for the 10 boxes \$12.89, or \$1.29 per box. In Bel-

In City of Chicago Where She Had Gone With Her Sweetheart.

DETECTIVES ARE SENT

By Her Brother, a Prominent Contractor, to Scene of Fiendish Deed.

CHICAGO, Oct. 29.—Miss Sophia C. Singer, of Baltimore, was found here today murdered with her arms and legs bound, her skull crushed, a chloroformed handkerchief stuffed into her mouth and her body wrapped in a blanket in an Indiana avenue house early today, by William R. Worthen, who accompanied her from Baltimore three weeks ago and who, according to his story, was to marry her tomorrow.

She had been robbed. The doorknob wrapped in a bloody handkerchief was found on the kitchen floor, where the murder was committed.

The police are looking for two of her friends.

It developed later that the murder terminated a romance which had culminated in an elopement and robbery was the cause of the crime.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 29.—Sophia Singer, who was found murdered in Chicago was a daughter of Mrs. Louise Singer and a member of a well known family of Baltimore.

Frank O. Singer, a prominent builder of this city, her brother, was notified of the murder in a telegram, and he immediately sent detectives

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LABOR

Organization in Southern Part of the State Puts Hatfield on Its Ticket.

IS ON FOUR TICKETS

Everybody Turns Out to Hear the Candidates Speak in Fayette County.

CHARLESTON, Oct. 29.—Dr. H. D. Hatfield, Republican nominee for governor, continued his invasion of Fayette county today, speaking to over 1,200 people at Mount Hope where a few days ago William R. Thompson spoke to less than 400.

Senator W. S. Johnson presided at the meeting and referred to Senator Hatfield as one of the faithful fifteen who had preserved the fair name of the state in refusing to permit the disfranchisement of 60,000 voters through the enactment of the infamous French bill.

Captain S. B. Avis, candidate for Congress in the Third district, was one of the speakers at the meeting this afternoon.

The name of Dr. Hatfield and the other candidates on the state ticket are on four ballots in Fayette county. Besides the regular Republican ticket they are on the Progressive, Independent Republican and Labor tickets and voters affiliated with all these parties joined in the demonstration at Mount Hope for the next governor of West Virginia.

NEW CASHIER.

MORGANTOWN, Oct. 29.—C. C. Brown, of Blacksburg, has been chosen cashier of the Farmers' and Merchants' bank here, succeeding A. W. Lorentz, deceased.

SUIT IS BROUGHT FOR BREACH OF PROMISE

Against Man Who Refuses to Marry Her as He Said He Would.

A breach of promise suit, something out of the ordinary here, has been instituted in the circuit court for Beryl Walker by Jay Walker, her next friend, against Garnet A. Coffindaffer, for \$5,000, and an attachment on Mr. Coffindaffer's property has been made.

Miss Walker alleges that at various times in August last Coffindaffer promised to marry her and that she has been willing and ready to marry him and is now ready and willing to do so. She further alleges that September 7 last he again promised to marry her and that she was willing then, but he has repeatedly refused to enter into matrimony with her.

Miss Walker claims that she has been damaged to the extent of \$5,000 by his refusal and failure to keep his promise to marry her. Miss Walker is not of age.

gium, the total cost for 13 boxes is \$6.59, or 50 7-10c per box.

In numerous instances, foreign manufacturers, because of the wide difference in what they have to pay labor and that demanded and received by American labor, can and do enter their product at our ports of entry, pay the present tariff and compete with our manufacturers.

You can see from the comparison of wages given above, the consequences to this industry, and the labor employed in it, if the present duties are abrogated or even decreased. Yet, Congressman Davis says they should be. He agrees with Mr. Wilson that this duty is a "Special Privilege" and hence ought not to exist.

Republicans contend—Hon. George A. Laughlin, who is to be our next congressman, contends—that this is not a "Special Privilege," but it is "Protection to American industries and American labor." They assert that it is not "unconstitutional," as Messrs. Wilson and Davis assert, but "constitutional." Also, that it is a practical, business-like and beneficent principle, and that it has proved that it is all of these things and more too, by practical experience with it for over 100 years.

What do you think about it? "O," you say, "I am not in the window glass business and it doesn't affect me."

Wrong—stupidly wrong. It affects you if you are a resident of this city and work for a living, or work for yourself. It affects everybody—this question.

NOBODY ESCAPES IT.

Think it over carefully for yourself. Talk it over with your family. No Clarksburger's vote was ever freighted with so much importance to himself and his city as his vote this time is.

YOUTHFUL ROBBERS

Hold Up a Fast Train and Rob the Express Car of Money.

MUSKOGEE, Okla., Oct. 25.—Three youthful robbers held up a southbound Missouri and Texas train south of Enola early today and compelled the engineer to detach the express and baggage cars and run them ahead.

Then they dynamited and rifled the express safe.

Company officials believe that they got several thousand dollars.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Hanery J. Bramer and Lexie B. Swiger, Francis W. George and Katherine V. Cunningham and John M. Hennessy and Bertha M. Binder.

MINERS' UNION OFFICIAL IS SHOT IN HIS BED ASLEEP

FACTS REFUTE FRAUD CRY

Because of the flagrant misrepresentation indulged in by the local Democratic press concerning the endorsement of Republican nominees in Harrison county by the Progressive party, an authoritative statement on behalf of the friends of the Republican ticket seems timely.

These are the facts:

The Republican nominees were chosen at a primary election held June 4, two weeks before the national Republican convention. At that primary the supporters of Roosevelt and the supporters of Taft, as well as LaFollette admirers, exercised their right to a choice of candidates for state and county offices.

The result of the primary was a fair expression of the will of the four thousand Republicans of Harrison county that attended it.

Several weeks later the Progressive party was formed and still later an organization was perfected in this state.

The Progressive party in state convention at Charleston endorsed the state and congressional tickets nominated in June, and recommended the endorsement of the Republican judicial, senatorial and county tickets.

Progressives in Harrison county were thoroughly satisfied with the ticket they had helped to nominate on June 4, and many of the more active supporters of Roosevelt expressed themselves as desirous of having the Republican ticket placed on the Progressive ballot.

It remained, however, for the formalities of the election law to be complied with, a petition to be filed by at least one per cent of the voters—or 150 voters.

Hon. Haymond Maxwell, acting for himself and the other Republican candidates, addressed State Chairman Dawson to inquire the plans adopted by the Progressives for circulating the required petitions. They were informed that no Progressive organization had at that time been perfected in Harrison county and that it would be necessary for the friends of the Republican candidates to circulate the petitions. The state chairman also furnished a supply of printed petitions, with the request that magisterial district tickets be also included with county and other local tickets on the petition.

The petitions were accordingly circulated in Harrison county on the advice and at the request of the recognized leader of the Progressive party in West Virginia, acting under the authority of a state convention of that party.

They were signed in good faith by bona fide Progressives to an extent far in excess of the number required by law.

These are some of the names signed to the Progressive petition:

WILLIAM E. SWIGER, president Shinnston Roosevelt Club.

RAY L. STROTHER, attorney, Clarksburg.

WALTER M. MORRIS, veteran Progressive leader, Mt. Clare.

D. F. HAGGERTY, president Sardis Roosevelt Club.

CHARLES A. SCHUTTE, secretary Salem Roosevelt Club and member county executive committee of the Progressive party.

ROBERT L. FINDLAYSON, secretary Shinnston Roosevelt Club and member county executive committee of the Progressive party.

Dr. E. N. FLOWERS, veteran Progressive leader, Clarksburg.

J. LLOYD THRASHER, member county executive committee of Progressive party, Sardis district.

W. W. HESS, member county executive committee of Progressive party, Eagle district.

ISAAC L. DAVISSON, active Roosevelt supporter, Wallace.

LUCIAN J. DAVISSON, member county executive committee of Progressive party, Grant district.

JOHN L. GAWTHROP, member county executive committee of Progressive party, Simpson district.

This list of names might be continued to include the names of many more than the required 150 bona fide Progressive voters required to place the Republican ticket on the Progressive ballot.

And, in the interest of the truth, let it be said that long after the endorsement of the county, senatorial and judicial tickets had been effected, petitions were still circulated in Clark, Coal, Simpson and other districts for the purpose of endorsing nominees for school commissioner, constable and justice; and if the Democratic press would be entirely fair it would have investigated the circumstances surrounding the endorsement of the Republican nominees before charging fraud in the preparation of the ballots in Harrison county.

STRONG FORTRESS

Will Soon Be Taken Away from the Turks in the War Now On.

ATHENS, Oct. 29.—The strong Turkish fortress of Verria has been placed at the mercy of the invading Greek army by the capture of Tripotamos Deiles commanding the situation. The capture of the fortress will be only a matter of a few hours.

while the Turkish army around Monastir will then be cut off from Constantinople and Saloniki.

TO SPEAK HERE.

Mrs. Elizabeth Peterson, of Texarkana, Tex., national organizer of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union work among the negroes, will speak at the Trinity Methodist Episcopal church tonight, at Prid's African Methodist Episcopal church Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock and at the Mt. Zion Baptist church Wednesday night at 8 o'clock.

As Result of Differences With Members of His Local, It is Said.

FOUR MEN CAPTURED

But Two of Them Make Their Escape and Other Two are Rescued.

CHARLESTON, Oct. 29.—While asleep in his bed, Sherman Cook, president of the local miners' union at Jarrold's Valley, was shot late last night by one unknown person. He is now in the Sheltersing Arms hospital, but he is believed not to be fatally injured.

Personal differences with some of his fellow workers is believed to have been the cause of the shooting. While investigating some shooting near Mossy, Fayette county, late last night, four watchmen, under Captain Fred W. Lester, now employed as chief of the watchmen at the head of Paint creek, were captured by about thirty miners.

While the captives were taking the four watchmen who were unarmed, to Mossy, two of them escaped and reported to Captain Lester the action of the miners.

With seventeen men armed with rifles, Captain Lester swooped down upon the miners' camp at Mossy during the night and recaptured the other two men.

What the miners proposed to do to the captured men has not been disclosed, as they were not mistreated, but the speed with which Captain Lester reached the camp with assistance, it is believed, by the watchmen, saved them from bodily harm or probably worse treatment had they shown any disposition to resent the remarks of the miners.

Kingston and Mossy are but a few miles apart. At Kingston the Solway Collieries' Company operates. Here the operators some days ago changed from yardage to tonnage as a basis of pay, and the men walked out and are still out. The men have been holding meetings and many of them are carrying arms, many displaying an ugly disposition as shown by their action in capturing the watchmen.

General Charles D. Elliott is rapidly moving out the equipment of the militia and all the soldiers still in the district are at Paint Creek Junction preparatory to being sent home probably tomorrow unless the trouble in the Kingston neighborhood demands the presence of troops.

GATTLING GUN

From the State of Kentucky to Be Heard at Local Railroad Station.

The Rev. L. L. Fickett, of Kentucky, known as author, evangelist and lecturer and generally known as the Kentucky gatling gun, will speak at the railroad passenger station here tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock. He will come down the West Virginia and Pittsburg division of the railroad and leave on train No. 1, west. He is a Prohibition party speaker.

OIL ADVANCES

Five Cents a Barrel Except Ragland Which Advances Three Cents.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Oct. 29.—The South Penn Oil Company today announced an advance of five cents a barrel to \$1.65 in Pennsylvania crude and all other oils five cents except Ragland, which is advanced three cents.

FRANK MORAN

Wins Suit of Clothes Offered by Donohue and Johnson.

The suit of clothes offered by the Donohue and Johnson clothing store to the member of the local baseball team having the highest batting average for the season has been awarded to Frank Moran, as he led the team with an average of .459. William Danley was second with an average of .428, while Manager Smith was third with an average of .402. Danley and Moran did not play in all the games played but were in enough to be eligible for the prize.